#### CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY

# AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

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#### Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor Bill Wells and Members of the City Council City of Murray Murray, Kentucky

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Murray, Kentucky as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Murray, Kentucky as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated November 5, 2012, on our consideration of the City of Murray's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 7 and page 35 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Murray, Kentucky's financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relating to the financial statements as a whole.

Alexander Thompson Arnold PLLC

Murray, Kentucky

November 5, 2012



# City of Murray



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Murray's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which begin on page 8.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The net assets of all City activities are \$55,742,983. This represents a decrease of \$1,864,365 (3.24%) over the prior year. This relatively small decrease is spread among the governmental and business-type activities. A breakout shows 82% (\$45,657,990) in business-type activities and the remaining 18% (\$10,084,993) in governmental activities.
- Total City activities indicate current assets of \$9,050,497 and current and non-current liabilities of \$6,349,110 giving a positive financial picture for liquidity of \$2,701,387.
- For all governmental funds, revenues and other expenditures and other uses exceed funding sources \$368,504, decreasing the reported fund balance to \$2,114,623.
- For all four business-type activities (Water and Sewer, Natural Gas, Sanitation, and Stormwater) total
  operating expenses of \$15,112,278 exceed total operating revenues of \$14,125,315 by \$986,963. This
  loss, combined with non-operating revenues & expenses and transfers, leads to a net loss of \$547,279.

#### **USING THIS ANNUAL AUDIT**

This annual financial report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (on page 8 and 9-10) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a long-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements begin on page 11. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

### The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the City as a whole begins on page 4. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net assets and changes in them. You can think of the City's net assets (what the citizens own) and liabilities (what the citizens owe) as one way to measure the City's financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's capital assets (roads, buildings, water and sewer lines) to

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities.

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the Police, Fire, Street,
  Planning and Administration departments. Property taxes, insurance premium taxes, vehicle stickers,
  franchise fees business licenses, alcohol sales fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these
  activities.
- Business-type activities The City charges fees to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's Water and Sewer, Natural Gas, Sanitation, and Stormwater Utility departments are reported here.

#### THE CITY AS A WHOLE

#### **Governmental Activities**

- The largest single receipt category, property taxes, has increased \$108,326 (3.27%) to \$3,416,337.
- The largest total departmental expenditure is the Police Department \$2,843,931. A year-over-year comparison shows an increase of \$138,521 or 5.12%.
- General Fund revenues total \$7,401,524 and expenditures total \$7,898,914. When other transfers, financing sources & uses are included a decrease in fund balance of \$263,814 is realized.
- Grant receipts for the year are \$545,518 a 17.77% increase from the prior year.
- Interest income of \$42,389 accounts for only 0.57% of total General Fund revenues; a comparison to prior year shows a decrease of \$2,833.

#### **Business-type Activities**

#### Murray Water and Sewer System

- The Water and Sewer System's total operating expenses of \$5,406,163 has decreased by \$331,796 or 6.54% from the prior year.
- The operating loss for the Water and Sewer System from operations is \$458,684. When considering nonoperating revenues, expenses and transfers the net income is \$3,356. This is a decrease of \$192,327 from the prior year.

#### Murray Natural Gas System

- The Gas System's total operating expenses of \$6,975,849 has decreased by \$1,813,257 or 20.63% of prior year's operations.
- The operating loss for the Gas System from operations is \$64,794. When considering non-operating revenues, expenses and transfers, the net loss is \$63,235. This is a decrease of \$185,692 from the prior year.

#### Sanitation Department

- The Sanitation Department's total operating expenses of \$2,545,306 have increased by \$77,484 or 3.13% of prior year's operations.
- The operating loss for the Sanitation Department from operations is \$506,272. When considering non-operating revenues, expenses and transfers, the net loss is \$562,249. This is a decrease of \$115,027 from the prior year.

#### Stormwater Utility

- The Stormwater Utility total operating expenses of \$184,960 has increased by \$77,905 or 72.77% of prior vear's operations.
- The operating income for the Stormwater Utility from operations is \$42,787. When considering non-operating revenues, expenses, grant income and transfers the net income is \$75,029. This is a decrease of \$693,872 from the prior year.

Our analysis below focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and changes in net assets (Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1 Net Assets (in Thousands)

(III Trioudantal)							
					To	otal	
	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-Type	Prir	mary	
	Activ	vities	Activ	/ities	Government		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Current and other assets	\$ 2,893	\$ 3,468	\$ 9,708	\$11,830	\$12,601	\$ 15,298	
Capital assets	7,192	6,787	35,950	35,523	43,142	42,310	
Total assets	10,085	10,255	45,658	47,353	55,743	57,608	
Long-term debt outstanding	263	294	3,114	3,539	3,377	3,833	
Other liabilities	1,041	949	1,931	2,654	2,972	3,603	
Total liabilities	1,304	1,243	5,045	6,193	6,349	7,436	
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of debt	6,929	6,493	32,837	32,193	39,766	38,686	
Restricted	528	443	3,069	3,439	3,597	3,882	
Unrestricted	1,324	2,076	4,707	5,528	6,031	7,604	
Total net assets	\$ 8,781	\$ 9,012	\$40,613	\$41,160	\$49,394	\$ 50,172	

Table 2
Changes in Net Assets
(in Thousands)

	(in inousands)						
	= -	nmental	Busines		Total Primary		
	***************************************	vities	Activities			nment	
_	<u> 2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 1,119	\$ 1,123	\$ 13,679	\$15,493	\$14,798	\$ 16,616	
Grants	546	449	648	1,313	1,194	1,762	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	3,416	3,308	-	<b>-</b>	3,416	3,308	
Franchise taxes	254	256	-	-	254	256	
Payments in lieu of taxes	10	8	-	-	10	8	
Bank shares	100	94	-	-	100	94	
Insurance tax	1,656	1,619	-	-	1,656	1,619	
School tax	35	34	-	_	35	34	
Base court revenue	29	21	-	-	29	21	
Telephone line charges	153	148	_	-	153	148	
Transient room tax	211	176	_	_	211	176	
Intergovernmental	339	321	_	_	339	321	
Interest and investment earnings		50	154	171	197	221	
Gain on sale of assets		(1)	19	6	19	5	
Miscellaneous	296	252	446	527	742	779	
Transfers	270	270	(270)	(270)	,	.,,	
Total revenues	8,477	8,128	14,676	17,240	23,153	25,368	
rotar revenues	<u> </u>	0,120	14,070	17,240	23,103	25,500	
Program Expenses							
General government	1,265	699			1,265	699	
Community development	744	578	-	-	744		
Police department			-	-		578	
•	2,844	2,705	-	-	2,844	2,705	
Fire department Animal control	2,632	2,475	-	-	2,632	2,475	
	25	25	-	-	25	25	
Street department	694	744	-	-	694	744	
Tourism	245	190	-	-	245	190	
Municipal aid	28	341	-	-	28	341	
E-911	143	82	-	-	143	82	
Freedom fest	67	58	-	-	67	58	
Drug court awards	8	6	-	-	8	6	
LGEA	1	6	-	-	1	6	
Unallocated interest expense	12	23	-	-	12	23	
Water and sewer	-	-	5, <b>509</b>	<b>5,24</b> 1	5,509	5,241	
Natural gas	_	-	6,985	8,799	6,985	8,799	
Sanitation	-	-	2,545	2,472	2,545	2,472	
Stormwater		-	184	107	184	107	
Total expenses	8,708	7,932	15,223	16,619	23,931	24,551	
Increase (decrease) in net							
assets	\$ (231)	\$ 196	<b>\$ (</b> 547)	\$ 621	\$ (778)	\$ 817	

### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION Capital Assets

- In Governmental Activities, additions to property, plant and equipment totals \$954,276. A breakdown of the additions indicates \$238,572 is due to machinery and equipment and \$715,704 is due to infrastructure. Total disposals of \$74,043 are comprised entirely in machinery and equipment.
- In the Business-type Activities, additions to property, plant and equipment total \$2,324,073. A breakdown of the additions indicates \$462,757 is due to the Gas System, \$1,580,941 is due to the Water and Sewer System, \$90,929 is due the Sanitation Department, \$189,447 is due to the Stormwater Utility and \$9,527 is due to the Central Garage operations. Total disposals of \$151,396 include \$72,201 from the Gas System and \$79,194 from the Water and Sewer System.

#### Debt

- No new debt in General Governmental Activities has been issued during the fiscal year.
- No new debt in Business-type Activities has been issued during the fiscal year.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES**

Preliminary data for the City in fiscal year 2013 mirrors the economic uncertainty presently experienced at the State and Federal levels. Rising personnel costs – most notably in the form of healthcare and retirement expenditures – continue to crowd out spending in operational areas and on capital projects. Challenges in finding the proper funding for Public Safety capital spending and the planned Waste Water Treatment Plant facility upgrades, as well as sustained, long-term profitability of the Water System and the Sanitation Department continue to be concerns. As always, the City is constantly monitoring many factors present in today's economy and adjusting funding and expenditure measures accordingly. The City cannot rule out increased funding through taxes, fees, and charges for goods and services. However, optimizing internal and external efficiencies will be emphasized in the search to provide the greatest benefit to our stakeholders at the lowest possible cost.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability of the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director's office at 104 North 5<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite A, Murray, Kentucky, 42071.

Respectfully submitted, Alan D. Lanier Alan D. Lanier, Finance Director



#### CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2012

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
Cash in banks and on hand	\$ 1,985,084	\$ 2,881,121	\$ 4,866,205
Certificates of deposit	30,774	2,700,000	2,730,774
Investments at fair value	180,334	· · · · · · -	180,334
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible):	-	-	-
Taxes	95,212	-	95,212
Grants	_	-	•
Customer	-	715,658	715,658
Other	67,044	1,200	68,244
Internal Balances	258	•	258
Materials and supplies, at average cost	54,095	339,717	393,812
Total current assets	2,412,801	6,637,696	9,050,497
Non-Current Assets:	-	•	,
Net capital assets	7,192,484	35,950,434	43,142,918
Restricted assets	479,708	3,069,860	3,549,568
Total non-current assets	7,672,192	39,020,294	46,692,486
Total assets	\$ 10,084,993	\$ 45,657,990	\$ 55,742,983
Liabilities Current Liabilities:		10,001,000	<u> </u>
Accounts payable	\$ 306,146	\$ 706.931	# 4.040.077
Accrued salaries and wages	122,442	\$ 706,931 87,435	\$ 1,013,077
Accrued compensated absences	259,300	•	209,877
Other accrued liabilities	263,976	299,015	<b>558</b> ,315
Notes payable	28,770	41,391	305,367
Bonds payable	20,770	429,051 8,000	457,821
Customer deposits	_	531,035	8,000
Accrued interest payable:	_	331,033	531,035
Bonds	_	16,954	16.054
Customer deposits	_	147,268	16,954
Internal balances	_	147,200	147,268
Total current liabilities	980,634	2,267,080	2 247 744
	300,034	2,207,000	3,247,714
Non-Current Liabilities:			
Accrued compensated absences	8 <del>9</del> ,752	101,028	190,780
Notes payable	233,859	2,208,757	2,442,616
Bonds payable	<u> </u>	468,000_	468,000
Total non-current liabilities	323,611	2,777,785	3,101,396
Total liabilities	1,304,245	5,044,865	6,349,110
Net Assets			<u> </u>
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	6 000 000	00 000	
Restricted for:	6,929,855	3 <b>2</b> ,836,624	<b>39,7</b> 66,479
CDBG housing	49,104		10.404
Special purposes	457,015	<del>-</del>	49,104
Employee Benefits	21,231	-	457,015
Debt service	21,201	1 379 ASS	21,231
Renewel and replacement	<u>-</u>	1,378,065	1,378,065
Meter deposit reserve	- -	775,000 624,545	775,000
Landfill postclosure reserve	-		624,545
Unrestricted	1,323,543	292,250	292,250
Total net assets		4,706,641	6,030,184
Total liabilities and net assets	8,780,748 \$ 40,084,003	40,613,125	49,393,873
IMMORISE WIN HOL GOODLO	\$ 10,084,993	\$ 45,657,990	\$ 55,742,983

#### CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

June 30, 2012

	Program Revenues									
	Expenses			Charges for Services	Operating Grants & Contributions		Operating Grants & Contributions		Revenue	
Functions/Programs										· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 1,265,0°	3	\$	1,118,656	\$	-	\$	_	\$	(146,357)
Community development	744,67	'3	•	-			•	205,839	•	(538,834)
Police department	2,843,96	1		•		157,632		,		(2,686,329)
Fire department	2,632,58	8		-		182,047		· _		(2,450,541)
Animal control	25,00	0		-		_		_		(25,000)
Street department	693,88	5		-		_		_		(693,885)
Tourism	245,14	4		-		_		-		(245,144)
Municipal aid	27,67	3		-		·-		_		(27,673)
E-911	142,37	7		-		-		_		(142,377)
Freedom fest	66,79	0		-		-		_		(66,790)
Drug court awards	8,29	1		-		-		_		(8,291)
Loss on sale of investments	81	4		-		_		-		(814)
Unallocated interest expense	11,94	0				-		-		(11,940)
Total governmental activities	8,708,14	9		1,118,656		339,679		205,839		(7,043,975)
Business-type activities:										
Water and sewer	5,509,74	3		4,564,146		_		603,726		(944 074)
Natural gas	6,985,67			6,861,877		_		005,720		(341,871)
Sanitation	2,545,30	6		2,025,448		_		18,116		(123,801)
Stormwater	184,96	0		227,747		_		26,928		(501,742) 60.715
Total business-type activities	15,225,68		1	3,679,218		-		648,770		69,715 (897,699)
Total primary government	<b>\$ 23</b> ,933,83	<u> </u>	\$ 1	4,797,874	\$	339,679	\$	854,609	\$	(7,941,674)

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# CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

	Governmental Activities			siness-type Activities	Total	
Change in Net Assets:						
Net (Expense) Revenue	\$	(7,043,975)	\$	(897,699)	\$ (7,941,674)	
General Revenues:				· ,		
Taxes:						
Property taxes		3,416,337		_	3,416,337	
Franchise taxes		253,671		_	253,671	
Payments in lieu of taxes		10,341		_	10,341	
Bank shares		99,875		_	99,875	
Insurance tax		1,655,656		-	1,655,656	
School tax		35,407		_	35,407	
Base court revenue		29,419		_	29,419	
Telephone line charges		153,059		_	153,059	
Transient room tax		211,424		-	211,424	
Intergovernmental		338,553		-	338,553	
interest and investments earnings		43,141		154,977	198,118	
Gain on sale of assets		. <del>-</del>		19,346	19,346	
Miscellaneous		296,309		446,097	742,406	
Transfers		270,000		(270,000)	,	
Total general revenues & transfers		6,813,192		350,420	7,163,612	
Change in net assets		(230,783)		(547,279)	(778,062)	
Net assets - beginning of period		9,011,531		11,160,404	50,171,935	
Net assets - end of period	\$	8,780,748	\$ 4	10,613,125	\$ 49,393,873	

#### CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2012

Cash and cash equivalents		General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Certificates of deposit   30,774   30,774   30,774   Receivables   Taxes (net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$27,096)   95,212   95,2135   95,210,337   95,210,		\$ 1,932,992	\$ 119.672	\$ 2,052,664
Taxes (ret of allowance for uncollectibles of \$27,098)   95,212   95,212   95,212   Grants   11,740				
Carats   11,740				-
Due from other funds		95,212	, ·	95.212
Chies			_	,
Restricted assets: 49,104 409,373 458,477 Total assets \$ 2,136,437 \$ 574,950 \$ 2,710,387  Liabilities and Fund Balances Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds 11,037 11,740 25,777 Accrued selaries payable 1105,082 95,485 200,547 Accrued selaries payable 114,037 11,740 25,777 Accrued compensated absences 250,6893 - 280,693 Total current liabilities 498,539 107,225 595,764  Fund Balances: Restricted for: General fund 49,104 49,104 Special revenue funds 11,597,794 11,458 11,458 Unassigned to Freedom Fest activities 1,597,794 11,459 11,459 Total Fund Balances: Total Governmental Fund Balance Total Fund Balances 1,597,794 1,597,794 Total Fund Balances 1,597,794 1,623  Total Ilabilities and fund equity \$ 2,135,437 \$ 574,950 \$ 2,710,387  Reconciliation Of Total Governmental Euror Balance To Net Assets Of Governmental activities in the statements of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued compensated absencesare not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued compensated absencesare not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Net assets of Governmental Activities in the statement of net assets are not due and accrued compensated absencesare not due and accrued compensated absences are not reported in the funds		11,740	-	11,740
Cash and cash equivalents	<del>-</del> -	46,389	15,131	-
Total assets			· <del>-</del>	-
Cital assets   \$ 2,135,437   \$ 574,950   \$ 2,710,387			409,373	458,477
Liabilities and Fund Balances   Current Liabilities   Accounts payable   105.062   95.485   200.547   Accounce stadings payable   118.747   118.	lotal assets	\$ 2,135,437	\$ 574,950	
Due to other funds			······································	
Due to other funds Accrued salaries payable Accrued compensated absences 118,747 Accrued compensated absences 250,683 Total current liabilities 250,683 Total committed to Tourism activities 250,683 Total committed to Tourism activities 250,683 Total committed to Tourism activities 251,597,794 Total Fund Balances 250,777,794 Total Fund Balances 250,777,794 Total liabilities and fund equity 250,7794 Total liabilities and fund equity 250,7794 Total liabilities and fund equity 250,7794 Total Governmental Fund Balance 260,7795 Total Governmental Fund Balances 270,883 Total Governmental Fund Balances 271,14,623 Amounts reported in governmental activities in the statements of net assets are different because: 271,14,623 Amounts reported in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds 271,138,952 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and transportation costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets 250,693 Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued compensated absencesare not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds 250,7754)	Accounts payable	105 062	95 485	200 547
Accrued salaries payable Accrued compensated absences 250,693 Total current liabilities 488,539 107,225 595,764  Fund Balances: Restricted for: General fund Special revenue funds 49,104 Special revenue funds 118,747 49,104 Special revenue funds 118,309 3	Due to other funds			
Total current liabilities 250,893 107,225 598,764  Fund Balances: Restricted for: General fund 49,104 - 49,104 Special revenue funds 1313,998 131,998 Assigned to Freedom Fest activities 1,1458 11,458 Unassigned 1,597,794 11,458 11,458 Unassigned 1,597,794 1,597,794 1,597,794 Total Fund Balances 1,646,898 467,725 2,114,623  Total liabilities and fund equity \$ 2,135,437 \$ 574,950 \$ 2,710,387  Reconciliation Of Total Governmental Fund Balance To Net Assets Of Governmental activities in the statements of net assets are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and transportation costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets such as insurance and transportation costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets such as insurance and transportation costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets (135,073)  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued compensated absencesare not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Net assets of Governmental Activities			11,170	
Total current liabilities 488,539 107,225 595,764  Fund Balances: Restricted for: General fund 49,104 - 49,104 Special revenue funds - 318,309 318,309 Assigned To Freedom Fest activities - 137,958 137,958 Assigned 1,597,794 - 1,597,794 Total Fund Balances 1,646,898 467,725 2,114,623  Total Fund Balances 1,646,898 467,725 2,114,623  Total liabilities and fund equity \$ 2,135,437 \$ 574,950 \$ 2,710,387  Reconciliation Of Total Governmental Fund Balance To Net Assets Of Governmental Activities in the statements of net assets are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and transportation costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets (135,073)  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Net assets of Governmental Activities  Net assets of Governmental Activities	Accrued compensated absences		_	
Restricted for: General fund Special revenue funds Committed to Tourism activities Unassigned Total Fund Balances Total liabilities and fund equity Total Governmental Fund Balance To Net Assets Of Governmental activities in the statements of net assets are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets and liabilities of certain internal funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of reported of the costs of certain activities in the statement of the costs of certain activities in the statement of net assets and liabilities of certain internal funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets are displaced and accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Net assets of Governmental Activities  Net assets of Governmental Activities  Net assets of Governmental Activities  49,104	Total current liabilities		107 225	
General fund \$9,104 \$9,105 \$9,105 \$13,,958 \$13,,958 \$137,958 \$137,958 \$137,958 \$137,958 \$137,958 \$137,958 \$137,958 \$11,458 \$11,458 \$11,458 \$11,458 \$11,458 \$10,459 \$10,459 \$10,405 \$10,405 \$11,459 \$10,459 \$10,405			701,220	
Special revenue funds Committed to Tourism activities Assigned to Freedom Fest activities Assigned to Freedom Fest activities Inassigned Inassigned International Fund Balances International Fund Governmental Fund Balance To Net Assets Of Governmental Activities in the statements of net assets are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and transportation costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued compensated absencesare not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Net assets of Governmental Activities  11,597,794  1,597,794  1,597,794  1,546,898  467,725  2,114,623  3,141,623  3,141,623  467,725  3,141,623  47,10,387  47,138,952  47,138,952  47,138,952  47,138,952  47,138,952  47,138,952  47,138,952  47,138,952  47,138,952  47,138,952		49 104		40.404
Assigned to Freedom Fest activities Unassigned Unassigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances 1,597,794 Total Fund Balances 1,646,898 467,725 2,114,623  Total liabilities and fund equity \$ 2,135,437 \$ 574,950 \$ 2,710,387  Reconciliation Of Total Governmental Fund Balance To Net Assets Of Governmental Activities  Total Governmental Fund Balances  Amounts reported in governmental activities in the statements of net assets are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and transportation costs, to Individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued compensated absencesare not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Net assets of Governmental Activities  Net assets of Governmental Activities	Special revenue funds	40,104	310 300	
Assigned to Freedom Fest activities Unassigned 1,597,794 1,597,794  Total Fund Balances 1,646,898 467,725 2,114,623  Total liabilities and fund equity \$ 2,135,437 \$ 574,950 \$ 2,710,387  Reconciliation Of Total Governmental Fund Balance  To Net Assets Of Governmental Activities  Total Governmental Fund Balances  Amounts reported in governmental activities in the statements of net assets are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and transportation costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued compensated absencesare not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Net assets of Governmental Activities  Net assets of Governmental Activities	Committed to Tourism activities	-		
Unassigned Total Fund Balances Total liabilities and fund equity \$ 2,135,437 \$ 574,950 \$ 2,710,387  Reconciliation Of Total Governmental Fund Balance To Net Assets Of Governmental Activities  Total Governmental Fund Balances  Amounts reported in governmental activities in the statements of net assets are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and transportation costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Net assets of Governmental Activities  Net assets of Governmental Activities	Assigned to Freedom Fest activities	- -		
Total liabilities and fund equity  \$ 2,135,437 \$ 574,950 \$ 2,710,387  Reconciliation Of Total Governmental Fund Balance To Net Assets Of Governmental Fund Balance To Net Assets Of Governmental Activities  Total Governmental Fund Balances  Amounts reported in governmental activities in the statements of net assets are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and transportation costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Net assets of Governmental Activities		1 597 704	11,400	
Total liabilities and fund equity  Reconciliation Of Total Governmental Fund Balance To Net Assets Of Governmental Activities  Total Governmental Fund Balances  Amounts reported in governmental activities in the statements of net assets are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and transportation costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued compensated absencesare not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Net assets of Governmental Activities  Net assets of Governmental Activities	Total Fund Balances		467.70E	
Reconciliation Of Total Governmental Fund Balance  To Net Assets Of Governmental Activities  Total Governmental Fund Balances  Amounts reported in governmental activities in the statements of net assets are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds  7,138,952  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and transportation costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued compensated absencesare not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Net assets of Governmental Activities  Net assets of Governmental Activities	T. (.18.1ma	7,040,030	407,725	2,114,623
To Net Assets Of Governmental Activities  Total Governmental Fund Balances  Amounts reported in governmental activities in the statements of net assets are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds  7,138,952  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and transportation costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued compensated absencesare not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Net assets of Governmental Activities  Section 1.14,623  Amounts reported in governmental activities in the statement of net assets  (135,073)	lotal liabilities and fund equity	<u>\$ 2,135,437</u>	\$ 574,950	\$ 2,710,387
Amounts reported in governmental activities in the statements of net assets are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds  7,138,952  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and transportation costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Net assets of Governmental Activities	Reconciliation Of Total Governmental Fund Balance To Net Assets Of Governmental Activities			
the statements of net assets are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds  7,138,952  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and transportation costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued compensated absencesare not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Net assets of Governmental Activities	Total Governmental Fund Balances			\$ 2,114,623
not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds  7,138,952  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and transportation costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Net assets of Governmental Activities	Amounts reported in governmental activities in the statements of net assets are different because:			
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and transportation costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets  (135,073)  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Net assets of Governmental Activities	not financial resources and therefore are not			7 138 052
the statement of net assets  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Net assets of Governmental Activities  (135,073)  (337,754)	to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and transportation costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal			
accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds  Net assets of Governmental Activities	the statement of net assets			(135,073)
Net assets of Governmental Activities	accrued compensated absencesare not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not			(337,754)
				\$ 8,780,748

# CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENT FUNDS

•	General	Other Governmental	Total _Governmental	
Property taxes	\$ 3,416,337	\$ -	\$	3,416,337
Insurance tax	1,655,656	-	-	1,655,656
Vehicle license tax	731,261			731,261
Franchise taxes	253,671	-		253,671
Occupational business licenses	257,634	-		257,634
Payments in lieu of taxes	10,341	_		10,341
Bank shares	99,875	-		99,875
License and permits	39,964	•		39,964
Fines and fees	14,395	-		14,395
Telephone line charges	-	153,059		153,059
Intergovernmental revenue	39,419	328,553		367,972
Interest	35,643	6,746		42,389
Miscellaneous income	90,386	241,328		331,714
Grant funds received	545,518	-		545,518
Transient room tax	211,424	-		211,4 <b>24</b>
Total revenues	7,401,524	729,686		8,131,210
Expenditures				
General government	1,565,476	-		1,565,476
Police department	2,787,521	-		2,787,521
Fire department	2,590,160	-		2,590,160
Animal control	25,000	-		25,000
Street department	618,161	408,198		1,026,359
Planning and zoning	269,309	-		269,309
E-911	_	142,377		142,377
Tourism Commission	-	245,144		245,144
Freedom Fest	-	66,790		66,790
Drug Court Awards	_	8,291		8,291
Debt service:				•
Principal	31, <b>347</b>	-		31,347
Interest	11,940	-		11,940
Total expenditures	7,898,914	870,800		8,769,714
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(497,390)	(141,114)		(638,504)

# CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENT FUNDS

	General	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (from page 12)	\$ (497,390)	\$ (141,114)	\$ (638,504)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u> </u>	Ψ (173,117)	Ψ (000,004)
Transfers from other funds	445,000	227,424	672,424
Transfers to other funds	(211,424)	(191,000)	(402,424)
Total other financing sources (uses)	233,576	36,424	270,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)			
expenditures and other uses	(263,814)	<b>(104,</b> 690)	(368,504)
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,910,712	572,415	2,483,127
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,646,898	\$ 467,725	\$ 2,114,623

# CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds of activities are different because:	\$ (368,504)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.	404,164
Repayment of note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets	31,347
Accrued compensated absences reported as long term liabilities in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(75,125)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as central garage services and employee health insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(222,665)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (230,783)

#### CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2012

•	Business-type Activities					Governmental Activities	
•	Sewer	Gas	Sanitation	Stormwater	Totals	Service	
Assets							
Current Assets:		•					
Cash in banks and on hand	\$ (149,723)	\$ 3,331,588	\$ (469.022)	e 400.070	0 0004 404	<b>A</b> ( <b>A</b> 7 FAR)	
Certificates of deposit	₩ (149,125)	2,250,000	\$ (469,022) 450,000	\$ 168,278	\$ 2,881,121 2,700,000	\$ (67,580)	
Receivables (net of allowances	-	2,200,000	430,000		2,700,000	•	
for uncollectibles):	-	_		-		_	
Customer	306,407	254,243	140,785	14,223	715,658	_	
Other	-	38	1,162	•	1,200	5,524	
Due from other funds	-	· -	-	•	•	14,295	
Investments, at fair value	· -	-	=	-	-	180,334	
Materials and supplies, at average cost	182,349	157,368		-	339,717	54,095	
Total current assets	339,033	5,993,237	122,925	182,501	6,637,696	186,668	
Non-Current Assets:							
Utilitiy plant in service	51,400,590	6,688,020	-	_	. 58,088,610		
Land	422,610	908,010	54,523	_	1,385,143	-	
Buildings	793,964	1,315,427	314,723	-	2,424,115	225,000	
Machinery and equipment	1,212,215	1,079,520	56,421		2,348,157	114,543	
Vehicles	607,326	703,065	3,950,883	15,141	5,276,415	. 1-1,0-10	
Other equipment	282,259	283,327	•	4,736	570,322		
Drainage improvement	-	· -	-	1,559,010	1,559,010		
Accumulated depreciation	(27,001,390)	(5,331,046)	(3,266,227)	(102,675)	(35,701,338)	(286,011)	
Restricted assets	2,413,920	363,690	292,250		3,069,860	21,231	
Total non-current assets	30,131,494	6,010,014	1,402,574	1,476,212	39,020,294	74,763	
Total assets	\$ 30,470,527	\$ 12,003,251	\$ 1,525,499	\$ 1,658,713	\$ 45,657,990	\$ 261,431	
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 240,183	\$ 391,087	\$ 65,525	\$ 10,136	\$ 706,931	\$ 105,599	
Accrued salaries and wages	48,197	20,874	17,597	767	87, <b>4</b> 35	3,695	
Accrued compensated absences	174,452	40,861	83,702	-	299,015	8,607	
Accrued liabilities	13,280	8,963	19,148	-	41,391	263,976	
Notes payable	429,051	•	, -	-	429,051	-	
Bonds payable	8,000	-	-	-	8,000		
Customer deposits	210,825	320,210	_	-	531,035	_	
Accrued interest					·		
Bonds	16,95 <b>4</b>	-	-	-	16,954	-	
Customer deposits	59,905	87,363	<u> </u>		147,268		
Total current liabilities	1,200,847	869,358	185,972	10,903	2,267,080	381,877	
Non-Current Liabilities:							
Accrued compensated absences	13,546	17,235	70,247	_	101,028	14,627	
Notes payable	2,208,757			-	2,208,757	,021	
Bonds payable	468,000		-		468,000	_	
Total non-current liabilities	2,690,303	17,235	70,247		2,777,785	14,627	
Total liabilities	3,891,150	886,593	256,219	10,903	5,044,865	396,504	
Net assets	•						
Invested in capital assets, net							
of related debt	24,603,766	5,646,323	1,110,323	1 476 040	22 604 504	FA FA	
Restricted for:	A-1,000,100	0,040,023	1,110,323	1,476,212	32,836,624	53,532	
Employee benefit trust	_	_	-			04 004	
Debt service	1,378,065	_	_	-	1,378,065	21,231	
Renewal and replacement	775,000	-	-	-	775,000	-	
Meter deposits	260,855	363,690	_	-	624,545	-	
Landfill postclosure reserve	-		292,250	-	292,250	-	
Unrestricted	(438,309)	5,106,645	(133,293)	171,598	4,706,641	(209,836)	
Total net assets	26,579,377	11,116,658	1,269,280	1,647,810	40,613,125	(135,073)	
Total liabilities and	-						
net assets	\$30,470,527	\$ 12,003,251	\$ 1,525,499	\$ 1,658,713	\$ 45,657,990	¢ 764.494	
			¥ 1,020,700	ψ 1,000,1 13	Ψ <del>1</del> 0,007,830	\$ 261,431	

# CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

						Governmental Activities
		Business-type Activities				
	Sewer	Gas	Sanitation	Stormwater	Totals	Service
Operating Revenues	• .					
Charges for services	\$ 4,487,894	\$ 6,792,834	¢ 2025440	\$ 227,747	£ 40 500 000	•
Interfund services provided	Ψ Ψ,ΨΟ1,034	φ 0,782,03 <del>4</del>	\$ 2,025,448	\$ 227,747	\$ 13,533,923	\$ -
Tap-on fees	76.050	- -	•	•		734,532
Miscellaneous revenues	76,252	69,043	40.800	-	145,295	•
Contributions to medical	383,333	49,178	13,586	-	446,097	•
	•	-	-	·-	-	-
insurance fund						1,701,485
Total operating revenues	4,947,479	6,911,055	2,039,034	227,747	14,125,315	<b>2,436,017</b>
Operating expenses					•	
Water plant expenses	739,927				700.007	
Sewer plant expenses	1,307,465	-	•	-	739,927	•
Water and sewer field operations	798,759	-	-	•	1,307,465	-
Engineering operations	-	-		-	798,759	-
General office operations	282,763	298,023	•	-	580,786	-
	490,243	438,689	-	-	928,932	-
Administrative expenses	<b>457</b> ,976	175,719	-	-	633,695	365,454
Other operating expenses		68,350	-	-	68,350	727,059
Depreciation	1,329,030	300,180	207,995	34,631	1,871,836	7,795
Gas purchased	-	4,783,161	-	-	4,783,161	-
Gas plant expenses	· -	911,727	-	-	911,727	-
Transfer station and landfill			,			
expenses	-	-	2,337,311	_	2,337,311	•
Stormwater expenses	-	<u>-</u>	-	150,329	150,329	_
Medical claims paid	_	-	-	· -	•	1,558,312
Total operating expenses	5,406,163	6,975,849	2,545,306	184,960	15,112,278	2,658,620
O					,,	2,000,020
Operating income (loss)	(458,684)	(64,794)	(506,272)	42,787	(986,963)	(222,603)
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)			•	-		
Interest and dividend income	40.044	05.000	40.707			
Interest expense	43,244	95,692	10,727	5,314	154,977	752
•	(103,580)	(9,829)	-	-	(113,409)	-
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	3,650	15,696	-	-	19,346	(814)
Grant income	603,726		18,116	26,928	648,770	
Total non-operating						
revenues (expenses)	547,040	101,559	28,843	32,242	709,684	(62)
Income (loss) before	•					
operating transfers	88,356	06.705	(477 400)			
operating dansiers	00,300	36,765	(477,429)	75,029	(277,279)	(222,665)
Operating Transfers						
From (to) other funds	(85,000)	(100,000)	(85,000)		(070 000)	
Total operating transfers	(85,000)	(100,000)			(270,000)	
, our operating wateron	(00,000)	(100,000)	(85,000)		(270,000)	
Net income (loss)	3,356	(63,235)	(562,429)	75,029	(547,279)	(222,665)
			(-3=, 1=3)	•	(0.1,270)	(222,000)
Net assets, beginning of year	26,576,020	11,179,894	1,831,709	1,572,781	41,160,404	87,592
Net assets, end of year	\$ 26,579,376	\$11,116,659	\$ 1,269,280	\$ 1,647,810	\$ 40,613,125	\$ (135,073)
<u>-</u>		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	7 1,200,200	4 1,077,010	ψ <b>7</b> 0,010,120	\$ (135,073)

#### CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

•	Business-type Activities				Governmental Activities	
	Water and Sewer	Natural Gas	Sanitation	Stormwater	Totals	Internal Service
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees Cash received from interfund services provided	\$ 4,937,368 (2,535,663) (1,319,643)	\$ 7,169,867 (6,441,746) (871,907)	\$ 2,047,814 (1,264,176) (786,516)	\$ 244,712 (245,788) (38,180)	\$14,399,761 (10,487,373) (3,016,246)	\$ (652,588) (75,598) 491,863
Cash paid for internal services used Receipts of customer deposits Refunds of customer deposits	, (95,275) 1,340	(100,016) 2,680	(275,264)	(1,812)	(472,367) 4,020	-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	988,127	(241,122)	(278,142)	(41,068)	427,795	(236,323)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers (to) other funds Non-operating state grant received Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(85,000) 603,726 518,726	(100,000)	(85,000) 18,117	26,928	(270,000) 648,771	-
•	510,740	(100,000)	(66,883)	26,928	378,771	_
Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities Proceeds from sale of capital assets Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Interest paid on customer deposits Net cash provided (used) by capital and	13,073 (1,580,941) (424,831) (98,313) (3,986)	31,447 (462,758)	(90,929) - - -	- (189,447) - - -	44,520 (2,324,075) (424,831) (98,313) (9,061)	(9,527) - - -
related financing activities	(2,094,998)	(436,386)	(90,929)	(189,447)	(2,811,760)	(9,527)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest and dividends Purchases of investments	43,244 -	<b>95,69</b> 2	10,727	5,314	154,977	1,566 (205,500)
Proceeds from sale or maturities of investments Net cash provided (used) by investing	350,000	850,000	*		1,200,000	152,365
activities	393,244	945,692	10,727	5,314	1,354,977	(51,569)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(194,901)	168,184	(425,227)	(198,273)	(650,217)	(297,419)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,434,098	3,302,094	(43,795)	366,550	5,058,947	251,070
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 1,239,197	\$ 3,470,278	\$ (469,022)	\$ 168,277	\$ 4,408,730	\$ (46,349)
Cash and cash equivalents are included on the Statement of Net Assets under the following captions:				·		,
Cash in banks and on hand Restricted assets	(149,723) · 1,388,920	3,331,588 138,690	(469,022)	168,277	2,881,120 1,527,610	(67,580)
Total	\$ 1,239,197	\$ 3,470,278	\$ (469,022)	\$ 168,277	\$ 4,408,730	21,231 \$ (46,349)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	(458,684)	(CA 70A)	(500 <b>07</b> 0)	40.707	****	4
Adjustment to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities;	( <del>450,66</del> 4) 0	(64,794)	(506,272)	42,787	(986,963)	<b>(222</b> ,603)
Depreciation expense (Increase)Decrease in certain assets:	1,329,030	300,180	207,995	34,631	1, <b>87</b> 1,836 -	7,795
Receivables - Customers Receivables - Other	(10,113) -	108,437 (38)	9,254	16,964	124,542 (38)	- 1,489
Due from other funds Inventory Increase (Decrease) in certain liabilities:	- 26,244	150,412 (29,542)	(476)	-	149,936 (3,298)	3,253 5,043
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	91,599	(707,634)	-	7,665	(608,370)	(34,262)
Accrued expenses  Customer deposits  Due to other funds	8,711 1,340 -	(823) 2,680	- (11,278) 22,635	549 - (143,664)	8,437 (7,258) (121,029)	2,962 -
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 988,127	\$ (241,122)	\$ (278,142)	\$ (41,068)	\$ 427,795	\$ (236,323)

#### CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUNDS NET ASSETS

June 30, 2012

	Pension Trust Fund		Private-Purpose Trust Fund			
		iployee irement	c	emetery		Totals
Assets		,				
Receivables	\$	•	\$	6,505	\$	6,505
Restricted assets:						
Cash		9,759		158,990		168,749
Investments, at fair value		857,547			•	857,547
Total assets	<u> </u>	867,306	***************************************	165,495		1,032,801
Liabilities		•				
Accounts payable		-		7,469		7,469
Due to other funds		_		258		258
Total liabilities		-		7,727		7,727
Net Assets	•					
Assets held in trust for pension benefits	•					
and other purposes		867,306		157,768		1,025,074
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	867,306	\$	165,495	\$	1,032,801

# CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Pension Trust Fund Retirement		Private-Purpose Trust Fund Cemetery			
					Totals	
Additions:						
Contributions	\$	142,851	\$	10,000	\$	152,851
Cemetery sales		-		35,965		35,965
Investment income:		. ~		- `;		
Interest and dividends		23,006		1,393		24,399
Net (decrease) increase in fair value of investments		9,798		-		9,798
Gain (loss) on sale of assets		(6,398)		· -		(6,398)
		169,257		47,358		2 <b>1</b> 6,615
Deductions:						
Benefits		165,212		-		165,212
Administrative expenses		10,397		12,124	-	22,521
Repairs and maintenance		<u>.</u>		31,619		31,619
Total deductions		175,609		43,743		219,352
Changes in net assets		(6,352)		3,615		<b>(</b> 2,73 <b>7</b> )
Net assets, beginning of the year.		873,658		154,153		1,027,811
Net assets, end of the year	\$	867,306	\$	157,768	\$	1,025,074

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#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2012

The accounting methods and procedures adopted by the City of Murray, Kentucky, conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental entities.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Murray, Kentucky was incorporated in 1844, and operates under an elected Mayor-Council form of government, and provides the following services as authorized: public safety (police and fire), streets, planning and zoning, general administrative services, cemetery, and utilities (water and sewer system, natural gas system, sanitation department, and stormwater system).

#### B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City of Murray are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The City has created several types of funds and a number of discrete funds within each fund type. Each fund is accounted for by a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, net assets/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The individual funds account for the governmental resources allocated to them for the purpose of carrying on specific activities in accordance with laws, regulations, or other restrictions.

The funds are grouped into three fund types and six generic funds as described below:

#### Governmental fund types

These are the funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The funds included in this category are as follows:

#### General Fund

This fund is established to account for resources devoted to financing the general services that the City performs for its citizens. General tax revenues and other sources of revenue used to finance the fundamental operations of the City are included in this fund. The fund is charged with all costs of operating the government for which a separate fund has not been established.

#### Special Revenue Funds

These funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

#### Proprietary fund types

These funds account for operations that are organized to be self-supporting through user charges. The funds included in this category are the Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds.

#### Enterprise Funds

These funds are established to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

#### Internal Service Funds

These funds are established to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

June 30, 2012

#### Fiduciary fund types

These funds account for assets held by the City as a trustee or agent for individuals, private organizations, and other units of governments. These funds are as follows:

Pension Trust Fund

This fund was established to provide pension benefits for employees of the police and fire departments who were not transferred to the hazardous service coverage of CERS.

Nonexpendable Trust Fund

This fund is used to account for funds that are to be used for the maintenance of the cemetery.

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The basis of accounting determines when transactions and economic events are reflected in financial statements, and measurement focus identifies which transactions and events should be recorded.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all funds of the primary government except for fiduciary funds. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which primarily rely on fees and charges for support. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Fiduciary funds are also excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds. The primary effect of internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants received that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which governmental functions are self-financing or draw from the general revenues of the City. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function or activity.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of the governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column except for proprietary funds which are presented in separate columns at the City's discretion. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

June 30, 2012

Governmental fund types use the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of expendable financial resources (measurement focus). Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available (often referred to as *susceptible to accrual*). Revenues are measurable when they are subject to reasonable estimation, while the available criterion is satisfied when revenues are collectible during the period and the actual collection will occur either (1) during the current period or (2) after the end of the period but in time to pay fund liabilities. The City considers revenues to be available if they are expected to be collected within 60 days of the end of the year. Generally, tax revenues (including taxpayer-assessed taxes), fees, and nontax revenues are recognized when received. Grants, entitlements, and shared revenues are recorded when they are susceptible to accrual. Expenditure-based grants are recorded as revenue when the conditions of the grants are satisfied. Property tax revenues are recognized when they are levied, with proper allowances made for estimated uncollectible accounts and delinquent accounts. Expenditures, if measurable, are recorded when they have used or are expected to use current expendable financial resources, except unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recorded when due.

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting and the flow of all economic resources (measurement focus).

#### D. Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the proprietary statement of cash flows, the City's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition and readily convertible to cash.

#### E. Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

#### F. Investments

The City's investment policy requires that funds held directly by the City be invested in obligations of the United States government or United States government agencies, or certificates of deposit or similar instruments of banks or savings and loan institutions. Investments are stated at cost, which approximates market in all funds except the Police and Firemen's Pension Fund and the Medical Insurance Fund, which are stated at fair value.

#### G. Due To and Due From Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed.

June 30, 2012

#### H. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The accounting treatment for fixed assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

In the government-wide financial statements, all fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. Estimated historical cost was used to value infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2002, in the governmental activities. Depreciation expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities, and accumulated depreciation is reflected in the Statement of Net Assets.

In the governmental funds statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital expenditures of the fund upon acquisition.

Property, plant, and equipment acquired for proprietary funds is capitalized in the respective funds to which it applies.

Property, plant, and equipment is stated at cost.

Depreciation of exhaustible fixed assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against operations, and accumulated depreciation is reported on the proprietary funds' balance sheets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation.

The estimated useful lives for each major class of depreciable fixed assets are as follows:

Infrastructure Assets	25-50 years
Utility Plant	33-50 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-20 years
Buildings	25-33 years
Vehicles	4-5 years

#### I. Bond Issue and Loan Costs

Bond issue costs and discounts incurred in the issuance of revenue bonds are deferred and charged to expense over the terms of the related issues. At June 30, 2012, the City had no unamortized bond issue costs and discounts.

#### J. Restricted Assets

Because of certain requirements, the City established and maintains prescribed amounts of resources (consisting of cash and temporary investments) that can be used only for specific purposes.

#### K. Long-Term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

June 30, 2012

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of notes payable and bonds payable.

#### L. Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment the City provides full-time employees with paid vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on years of service. Employees who have accrued 36 days unused sick leave at the end of the fiscal year are paid for 75% of the sick leave accrued. Employees who have met the minimum accruals and have used one or more days of sick leave are paid 50% of the sick leave accrued at the end of the fiscal year. All unused sick leave may be carried forward to apply toward the maximum accrual of 180 days. Employees who have successfully met retirement requirements and have received approval for retirement from the Kentucky Retirement System may elect to either be compensated for 50% of accrued sick leave or apply 50% toward early retirement.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period. These amounts are recorded in the account "Accrued Compensated Absences" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The non-current portion of the liability is not reported.

All vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured and are payable with expendable available resources.

#### M. Equity Classification

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and is displayed in three components:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - Consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets - Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets - All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

#### **Fund Statements**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (1) not in spendable form - prepaid items or inventories; or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. At June 30, 2012, none of the City's fund balances were classified as nonspendable.

June 30, 2012

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance - This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (1) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance - These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by ordinances of the city council - the city's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the city council removes the specified use by taking the same kind of action imposing the commitment.

Assigned fund balance - This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The city council and the mayor have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes through executive or municipal orders.

Unassigned fund balance - This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance in the general fund is the net resources in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the above four categories.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### N. Property Tax Revenues

Property taxes are levied based on the assessed value of property as listed on the previous January 1, and due on October 31. Assessed values are an approximation of market value.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue when they are levied because they are considered to be both measurable and available. Proper allowances are made for estimated uncollectible accounts and delinquent accounts.

#### O. Postemployment Healthcare Benefits

The City does not provide postemployment healthcare benefits except those mandated by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA). The requirements established by COBRA are fully funded by employees who elect coverage under the Act, and no direct costs are incurred by the City.

June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgets and the Budgetary Process

The City Council adopts an annual operating budget, which can be amended by the Council throughout the year. Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control for all funds of the City; however, legal budgets are adopted only for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Thus, the budgetary financial statements included in this report do not include proprietary funds, or Trust and Agency Funds. For each of the funds for which a formal budget is adopted, the same basis of accounting is used to reflect actual revenues and expenditures recognized on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles. For this reason, there is no common basis for preparing a reconciliation between budgeted and actual amounts.

At the fund level, actual expenditures cannot exceed budgeted appropriations, however, with proper approval by the City Council, budgetary transfers between departments can be made. All budget amendments were approved by the City Council and added to the original budgeted amount.

#### B. Deficit Fund Balance

A deficit of \$152,674 exists in the Medical Insurance Fund resulting from excess accrued claims incurred but not reported. The general fund is liable for any deficit in this fund and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

#### **NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES**

#### A. Deposits With Financial Institutions

Deposits are carried at cost. The carrying amount of deposits is separately displayed on the balance sheet as "cash and cash equivalents", "certificates of deposit" and "restricted assets".

	Carrying Amount	Bank Balance
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,866,205	\$ 6,211,241
Certificates of deposit	2,730,774	2,730,774
Restricted cash and C.D.'s	3,718,317	3,105,287
Total deposits	\$ 11,315,296	\$ 12,047,302
Insured (FDIC) Uninsured;	\$ 780,774	\$ 780,774
Collateral held by pledging bank's trust		
department in City's name	10,534,522	11,266,528
Total Deposits	<u>11,315,296</u>	12,047,302
Reconciliation to Government-wide Statement of Net Assets:		
Unrestricted cash, including time deposits	\$ 7,596,979	
Restricted cash, including time deposits Fiduciary fund restricted cash (not included	3,549,568	
in government-wide statements)	168,749	
	\$ 11,315,296	

June 30, 2012

The City's investment policy requires that funds held directly by the City be invested in obligations of the United States government or United States government agencies, or certificates of deposit or similar instruments of banks or savings and loan institutions.

#### B. investments

The City's investments are held in trust and asset management accounts for the Police and Fireman's Pension Fund and the Medical Insurance Fund. Investments for the Police and Fireman's Pension Fund and Medical Insurance Fund totaled \$857,547 and \$180,334, respectively, at June 30, 2012 and are summarized below:

Investment Type	Fair <u>Value</u>	Percent of Total	Moody's Rating
FNMA	\$ 128,952	12.7%	Aaa
FHLMC	104,952	10.3%	Aaa
FHLB	50,111	4.9%	Aaa
Goldman Sachs	53,514	5.3%	A3
DuPont	52,251	5.1%	A2
Merrill Lynch	25,847	2.5%	Baa3
John Hancock	25,146	2.5%	A2
IBM	51,627	5.1%	Aa3
HSBC	27,074	2.7%	Baa1
Verizon	78 <b>,69</b> 8	7.7%	A3
Walmart	52,171	5.1%	Aa2
Common Stock	246.633	24.2%	Unrated
Mutual Funds	121,309	11.9%	Unrated

Custodial credit risk - This is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments. The City's investments are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured and held by the counterparty's trust department in the City's name.

Credit risk. This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At June 30, 2012, 100% of the City's investments in U.S. obligations and corporate bonds were rated Aaa to Baa3.

Concentration credit risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The City's investment policy as required by KRS 66.480 does not place a fixed percentage limit for any one issuer. At June 30, 2012, the City's concentration of credit risk consisted of 12.7% invested in Federal National Mortgage Association bonds, 10.3% invested in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation bonds, 4.9% in Federal Home Loan Bank bonds, 5.3% in Goldman Sachs corporate bonds, 5.1% in Dupont corporate bonds, and 5.1% in International Business Systems corporate bonds.

#### C. Property Taxes

The City is responsible for assessing, collecting, and distributing property taxes in accordance with enabling state legislation. The following dates are applicable to property taxes:

Assessment date - January 1 Levy date - September 30 Due dates - October 31

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2012

Property taxes receivable as of June 30, 2012, are composed of the following:

Year of Levy	General Fund
2011	66,867
2010	15,719
2009	13,564
2008	9,794
2007	4,576
2006	3,785
2005	4,050
2004	3,953
Total property taxes receivable	122,308
Less allowance for uncollectibles	(27,096)
Net Property Taxes Receivable	\$ 95,212

#### D. Interfund Transactions

As of June 30, 2012, interfund receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

		Due from	Due to
	•	other funds	other funds
Fiduciary Funds:	Cemetary	\$ -	\$ 258
Internal Service Funds:	Central Garage	258	-
Total		\$ 258	\$ 258

The following transfers were made during the year:

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
General	Tourism Commission	Room Tax Receipts	211,424
E-911	General	Administration	75,000
Water and Sewer	General	General Operations	85,000
Natural Gas	General	General Operations	100,000
Sanitation	General	General Operations	85,000
ABC	General	General Operations	100,000

June 30, 2012

#### E. Property, Plant, and Equipment

	Balance June 30, 2011	Α.	dditions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2012
Governmental Activities:	Julie 30, 2011		<u>luuluons</u>	Dispusais	June 30, 2012
Buildings	\$ 1,109,711	\$	123,569	\$ -	\$ 1,233, <b>2</b> 80
Land	344,589	*	.20,000	·	344,589
Machinery & equipment	2,828,310		238,572	(74,043)	2,992,839
Infrastructure	7,459,565		592,135	(,,	8,051,700
Totals at historical cost	11,742,175		954,276	(74,043)	12,622,408
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	(702,340)		(20,757)	_	(723,097)
Machinery & equipment	(3,157,369)		(274,156)	74,043	(3,357,482)
Infrastructure	(1,094,146)		(255,199)		(1,349,345)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,953,855)	*****	(550,112)	74,043	(5,429,924)
Governmental activities capital					
assets, net	\$ 6,788,320	\$	404,164	\$ -	\$ 7,192,484
Depreciation was charged to functions as	s follows:				
Governmental Activities:					
General Government				\$ 42,079	
Police Department				116,284	
Fire Department	•			72,813	
Street Department				318,936	
Total Govermental Ad	tivities				
Depreciation Expe	ense			\$ 550,112	
	Balance				Balance
	June 30, 2011	A	dditions	Disposals	June 30, 2012
Business-type Activities:			7=		
Land	\$ 1,380,144	\$	5,000	\$ -	\$ 1,385,144
Buildings	2,414,614		9,500	-	2,424,114
Machinery and equipment	<b>7</b> ,757 <b>,2</b> 92		51 <b>6,35</b> 6	(78,756)	8,194,892
Drainage improvement	1,372,563		186,447	-	1,559,010
Utility plant	56,554,481		1,606,770	(72,640)	58,088,611
Totals at historical cost	69,479,094		2,324,073	(151,396)	71,651,771
Less accumulated depreciation:	•				
Buildings	(1,314,296)		(89,938)	-	(1,404,234)
Machinery and equipment	(5,951,911)		(380,719)	78,756	(6,253,874)
Drainage improvement	(52,237)		(34,284)	-	(86,521)
Utility plant	(26,637,693)		(1,366,926)	47,911	(27,956,708)
Total accumulated					
depreciation	(33,956,137)		(1,871,867)	126,667	(35,701,337)
Business-type Activities			•		,
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 35,522,957	\$	452,206	\$ (24,729)	\$ 35,950,434

June 30, 2012

Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statement No. 34 (Capitalization of Interest Cost) requires that interest expenditures incurred during construction of assets be capitalized. FAS-63 (Capitalization of Interest Cost in Situations Involving Certain Tax-Exempt Borrowings and Certain Gifts and Grants) concludes that constructed assets financed with the proceeds of tax-exempt debt (if those funds are externally restricted to finance the acquisitions of the asset or used to service the related debt) should include capitalized interest only to the extent that interest cost exceeds interest earned on related interest-bearing investments acquired with proceeds of the related tax-exempt borrowing. During the year, no interest costs were capitalized because interest expenditures related to constructed assets did not exceed related interest revenue.

#### F. Restricted Assets

The City of Murray maintains certain special funds. The use of these funds has been restricted by the provisions of bond resolutions, loan agreements or by state or federal law and regulations. As required by the City's permit with the Kentucky Division of Solid Waste, the City maintains a reserve of \$292,250 for landfill postclosure costs. Restricted assets are as follows:

	Cost		Market	
Governmental Activities	******			
General Fund - CDBG Housing	\$	49,104	\$	49,104
Special Revenue Funds		430,604		430,604
Total Governmental Activities		479,708		479,708
Business-type Activities			<del></del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Water and Sewer - Meter deposits		260,855		260,855
Bond and interest reserve		1,378,065		1,378,065
Renewal and replacement		775,000		775,000
Natural Gas - Meter Deposits		363,690		363,690
Sanitation - Landfill Postclosure Reserve		292,250		292,250
Total Business-type Activities		3,069,860		3,069,860
Total Restricted Assets	\$	3,549,568	\$	3,549,568

#### G. Retirement Plans, Deferred Compensation Plans and Commitments

The City of Murray is a participant in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan. CERS is administered by the Kentucky Retirement Systems Board of Trustees in accordance with the provisions of KRS 78.510-78.852. CERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Perimeter Park West, Frankfort, KY 40601.

The payroll for employees covered by CERS for the year ended June 30, 2012, was \$6,407,281. The City's total payroll was \$7,203,713.

Police and Fireman's Pension Fund

On August 1, 1988, the City adopted an ordinance to participate in the hazardous service coverage of CERS, as provided by KRS 78.530. That covered all current employees of the police and fire departments, and those hired after August 1, 1988.

Under provisions of state statures, all full-time hazardous position employees are required to contribute 8% of their gross earnings to the plan and the City is required to contribute 35.76% of covered payroll. The contribution requirement for the year ended June 30, 2012 was \$1,069,574, which consisted of \$872,118 from the City and \$197,456 from employees.

June 30, 2012

Former employees of the police and fire departments who were receiving benefits on August 1, 1988, were not transferred to the CERS. These benefits are continuing to be paid from the original fund, which had net plan assets with a market value of \$867,306 as of June 30, 2012.

#### Other Employee Plans

All other employees of the City are covered under CERS as nonhazardous position employees. These employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their gross earnings to the plan and the City is required to contribute 18.96% of covered payroll. The contribution requirement for the year ended June 30, 2012, was \$905,869, which consisted of \$714,531 from the City and \$197,339 from employees. All pension, death and disability benefits are determined by state statutes.

The three-year trend information for the City's contribution requirement to CERS is as follows;

Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed		
6/30/12	<b>\$</b> 1,586, <b>549</b>	100%		
6/30/11	1,369,371	100%		
6/30/10	1,201,494	100%		

CERS does not make separate measurements of assets and pension benefit obligation for individual employers. As the City is only one of several employers participating in the plan, it is not practical to determine the City's portion of the unfunded past service cost or the vested benefits of the City's portion of the plan assets.

#### H. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the City's notes payable transactions for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Business-type Activities -	Balance June 30, 2011	New <u>Debt</u>		<u>Re</u>	payments		Balance e 30, 2012
KADD	\$ 1,035,000	\$	-	\$	65,000	\$	970,000
RLF	904,947		_	,	295,964	•	608,983
KiA	1,115,693	 	-		56,868	•	1,058,825
	3,055,640	 			417,832		2,637,808
Governmental Activities -							
US BANK	293,977		-		31,348		262,629
	293,977				31,348		262,629
Totals	\$ 3,349,617	\$		\$	449,180	\$ 2	2,900,437

June 30, 2012

Notes payable at June 30, 2012 are summarized, as follows:

Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trust (due in scheduled maturities through	
May 20, 2023 at 1.5% to 4.7%)	\$ 970,000
Kentucky Infrastructure Authority Revolving	Ψ 070,000
Loan Fund - (due in scheduled maturities	
through 2014 at 1.9%)	608,983
Kentucky Infrastructure Authority Revolving	.*
Loan Fund - (due in sheduled maturities	
commencing on December 1, 2009 and	
continuing through June 1, 2029 at 1%)	1,058,825
	2,637,808
General Fund	
US Bank Term Loan (due in scheduled maturities	·
through November 1, 2019)	262,629
	262,629
Total	\$ 2,900,437

The following is a schedule by years of principal payments due for the notes payable:

Year Ending	Murray Water and Sewer System	General Fund	Total		
2013	429,051	28,770	457,821		
2014	440,385	32,778	473,163		
2015	133,595	34,239	167,834		
2016	139,183	35,766	174,949		
2017	144,776	37,345	182,121		
Thereafter	1,350,818	93,731	1,444,549		
Total	\$ 2,637,808	\$ 262,629	\$ 2,900,437		

# CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2012

The following is a summary of th City's bonds payable transactions for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Business-type Activities -	Jur	e 30, 2011		<u>Debt</u>	Rep	ayments	Reti	rement	Jun	e 30, 2012
2001 Revenue Bonds	\$	483,000	\$	-	\$	7,000	\$	-	\$	476,000
Bonds payable at June 30,	2012 :	are as follows	<b>S</b> :							
2001 Revenue Bonds - (due	e in sc	heduled mate	urities	throug	h					ater and er System
January 1, 2041 at 4.75				, in oug					\$	476,000

The following is a schedule by years of principal payments due for the bonds payable:

Year Ending	2001 <u>Bond Issue</u>
2013	\$ 8,000
2014	8,000
2015	8,000
2016	9,000
2017	9,000
Thereafter	434,000
Total	\$ 476,000

The annual debt servcle requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for all long-term debt as of June 30, 2012, are as follows:

	<u>Governmental</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Bu</u> siness-ty	pe Activities
<u>Year Ending</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Principal	Interest
2013	28,770	10,910	437,051	88,647
2014	32,778	10,510	448,385	78,622
2015	34,239	9,049	141,595	69,845
2016	35,766	7,522	148.183	65,910
2017	37,345	5,943	153,776	61,411
2018-2022	93,731	6,785	836,991	230,642
2023-2027	-	-	501.742	108,101
2028-2032	•	_	223,085	68,089
2033-2037	-	-	113,000	42,798
2038-2042	-	•	110,000	13,443
Total	\$ 262,629	\$ 50,719	\$ 3,113,808	\$ 827,508

# CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2012

# I. Conduit Debt Obligations

As of June 30, 2012, the City of Murray had the following bond issues outstanding related to the acquisition and construction of facilities:

Murray State University Wellness & Recreation	\$ 9,175,000
Murray Calloway County Hospital	15,000,000
Total principal amounts payable	\$ 24,175,000

## J. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for these risks, the City participates in the Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services (KLCIS). These public entity risk pools operate as common risk managements and insurance programs fro participating cities and other governmental entities in Kentucky. The City pays an annual premium to each fund for coverage.

City employees are provided traditional health care insurance that covers hospitalization and major medical expenses within specified limits. The plan is self-funded by the City and administered by a third-party administrator. The City pays the administrator a fee for various claim administration services. The City pays all claims after the third-party administrator submits preliminary check registers for all processed claims. The City issues payment to the plan administrator who in turn issues individual claim checks. The City carries stop-loss insurance against catastrophic losses. The premiums for these policies are billed by the third-party administrator to the City. The claims liability reported in the Medical Insurance Fund at June 30, 2012 was estimated using information provided by the third-party administrators.

Changes in the fund's claims liability amounts are:

	2012
Balances at beginning of year	\$ 379,867
Current year claims	1,558,312
Claim payments	(1,583,940)
Balance at end of year	\$ 354,239

### K. Commitments and Contingencies

The City has possible contingent liabilities resulting from litigation and claims incident to the ordinary course of business. Management and counsel believe that the probable resolution of such contingencies will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the City.

### L. Claims and Judgments

The City participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the City may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2012, significant amounts of grants expenditures have not been audited, but the City believes that disallowed expenditures discovered in subsequent audits, if any, will not have a material effect on any of the individual funds or the overall financial position of the City.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2012

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 3,397,000	\$ 3,397,000	\$ 3,416,337	\$ 19,337
Insurance tax	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,655,656	55,656
Vehicle license tax	690,000	690,000	731,261	41,261
Franchise taxes	245,000	245,000	•	(245,000)
Occupational business licenses	205,000	205,000	257,634	52,634
Payments in lieu of taxes	7,500	7,500	10,341	2,841
Bank shares	96,500	96,500	99,875	3,375
Licenses and permits	26,100	26,100	39,964	13,864
Fines and fees	9,000	9,000	14,395	5,395
Intergovernmental revenue	37,000	37,000	39,419	2,419
Interest	45,000	45,000	35,643	(9,357)
Miscellaneous income	53,500	53,500	90,386	36,886
Grant funds received	3,363,000	3,375,627	545,518	(2,830,109)
Transient room tax	165,000	177,627	211,424	33,797
Total revenues	9,939,600	9,964,854	7,147,853	(2,817,001)
Expenditures				
General government	4,269,975	4,269,975	1,565,476	2,704,499
Police department	2,775,700	2,775,700	2,787,521	(11,821)
Fire department	2,672,650	2,703,879	2,590,160	113,719
Animal control	25,000	25,000	25,000	-
Street department	654,500	654,500	618,161	36,339
Planning and zoning	304,500	304,500	269,30 <b>9</b>	35,191
Debt service:				,
Principal	•		31,347	(31,347 <b>)</b>
Interest		-	11,940	(11,940)
Total expenditures	10,702,325	10,733,554	7,898,914	2,834,640
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(762,725)	(768,700)	<u>(751,061)</u>	17,639
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers from other funds	445,000	445,000	445,000	_
Transfers to other funds	(165,000)	(165,000)	(211,424)	(46,424)
Loan proceeds	(100,000)	(100,000)	(E11,7E4)	(10,121)
Total other financing sources (uses)	280,000	280,000	233,576	(46,424)
Excess (deficiency) of revenus and other sources over (under) expenditures				
and other uses	(482,725)	(488,700)	(517,485)	(28,785)
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,910,712	410,712
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,017,275	\$ 1,011,300	\$ 1,393,227	\$ 381,927

# CITY OF MURRAY KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR RETIREE'S HEALTH PLAN

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

The following table presents the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) schedule of funding progress:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (000's)	Liability (AAL) Entry Age (000's)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (000's)	Funded Ratio Total	Covered Payroll (000's)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
6/30/2009	\$ 7,402,278	\$ 10,491,358	\$ 3,089,080	70.6%	\$2,652,927	116.4%
6/30/2010	7,296,321	11,131,175	3,834,853	65.5%	2,703,404	141.9%
6/30/2011	7,409,155	11,777,126	4,367,970	62.9%	2,743,560	159.2%

CERS does not make separate measurements of assets and pension benefit obligation for individual employers. As the City is only one of several employers participating in the plan, it is not practical to determine the City's portion of the unfunded past service cost or the vested benefits of the City's portion of the plan assets.

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE

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	Street Paving	E-911	Tourism Commission	Freedom Fest	Drug Court Awards Fund	LGEA	Alcoholic Beverage Control	Totals
Cash Investments - CD's Accounts receivable Due from other funds Restricted assets	\$ 22	4,421	\$ 118,924 30,774	\$ 748	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<del>€</del>	10,710	\$ 119,672 30,774 15,131
Total assets	\$ 223,616	\$ 54,213	\$ 149,698	\$ 748	\$ 32,305	\$ 4,678	\$ 109,692	\$ 574,950
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:								
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ 90,223	\$ 5,262	- 11 740	+ · · ·	t :	, <del>\$</del>		\$ 95,485
Total liabilities	90,223	5,262	11,740					107,225
Fund Balances: Restricted Unrestricted;	133,393	48,951	,	ı	32,305	4,678	98,982	318,309
Committed	•	1	137,958	1	1	1	1	137,958
Assigned Total fund balance	133,393	48,951	137,958	748	32,305	4,678	10,710 109,692	11,458 467,725
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 223,616	\$ 54,213	\$ 149,698	\$ 748	\$ 32,305	\$ 4,678	\$ 109,692	\$ 574,950

# CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE June 39, 2012

	toody		T.	7	Drug Court	٠.	Alcoholic			
	Paving	E-911	Commission	Fest	Fund	LGEA	Control		Totals	
Revenues								•		
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 328,553	€9	<b>.</b> ↔	<b>⇔</b>	·		\$ <del>\$</del>		\$ 328,553	
Telephone line shames	4,338	1,185	116	S.	<b>1</b>	61	. 1,0	1,027	6,746	
Other	1 1	ecn'cci	22,487	38 153		й й	180 011	, 2	153,059	
Court awards	-	r	Î	1	19.223	. !.	200	- '	19 223	
Fotal revenues	332,891	154,244	22,603	38,158	19,237	615	161,938	88	729,686	
Expenditures										
Sueet department	408,198	- 440 277	1	•	•	1	•		408,198	
Tourism commission	ı	0	245.144					, ,	142,377	
Freedom fest	1	•	•	66,790	•	•		•	66 790	
Drug court awards □ GFA	•	ı	ı	r *	8,291	•		3	8,291	
Total expenditures	408,198	142,377	245,144	96,790	8,291				870,800	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(75,307)	11,867	(222,541)	(28,632)	10,946	. 615	161,938	89	(141,114)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers from other funds			2.00	0				·		
Transfers to other funds	. 1	(75,000)	(16,000)	000,61 -	t I	, ,	(100 000)	· 60	227,424	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1	(75,000)	195,424	16,000	1	-	(100,000)	    8	36,424	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under)										
expenditures and other uses	(76,307)	(63,133)	(27,117)	(12,632)	10,946	615	61,938	38	(104,690)	
Fund balance, beginning of year	208,700	112,084	165,075	13,380	21,359	4,063	47,754	45	572,415	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 133,393	\$ 48,951	\$ 137,958	\$ 748	\$ 32,305	\$ 4,678	\$ 109,692	92 \$	467,725	

# CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2012

		Central Garage		Medical nsurance Fund		Totals
Current Assets	·			" ,"		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	(67,580)	\$	_	\$	(67,580)
Investments, at fair value			•	180,334	Ψ	180,334
Accounts receivable		5,524		-		5,524
Due from other funds		14,295		-		14,295
Materials and supplies, at average cost		54,095		-		54,095
Total current assets		6,334		180,334		186,668
Non-Current Assets						
Buildings		225,000		<b>-</b> .		225,000
Machinery and equipment		114,543		_		114,543
Accumulated depreciation		(286,011)		-		(286,011)
Restricted cash				21,231		21,231
Total non-current assets		53,532		21,231		74,763
Total assets	\$	59,866	\$	201,565	\$	261,431
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities		•				
Accounts payable		15,336		90,263		105,599
Accrued salaries		3,695		-		3,695
Accrued compensated absences		8,607		<del>-</del>		8,607
Due to other funds		-		-		-,00.
Accrued claims incurred but not reported				263,976		263,976
Total current liabilities		27,638		354,239		381,877
Long-term Liabilities					<del></del>	
Accrued compensated absences		44.607				
Total long-term liabilities		14,627 14,627				14,627
Total liabilities		42,265		354,239		14,627
		72,200		304,239		396,504
Net Assets	•					
Invested in capital assets, net		53,532		-		53,532
Restricted		-		21,231		21,231
Unrestricted		(35,931)		(173,905)		(209,836)
Total liabilities and material		17,601		(152,674)		(135,073)
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	59,866	\$	201,565	\$	261,431

# CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2012

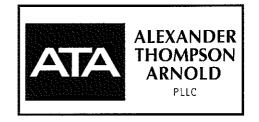
	Central Garage	Medical Insurance Fund	Totals
Operating Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for interfund services	734,532	•	734,532
Contributions to fund	•	1,701,485	1,701,485
Total operating revenues	734,532	1,701,485	2,436,017
Operating Expenses			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Depreciation	7,795	-	7, <b>795</b>
Parts rebilled	133,659	-	133,659
Petròleum products rebilled	449,400	_	449,400
Other garage expenses	144,000	-	144,000
Claims paid	-	1,558,312	1,558,312
Administrative costs	<u></u>	340,688	340,688
Wellness incentives		24,766	24,766
Total operating expenses	734,854	1,923,766	2,658,620
Operating income (loss)	(322)	(222,281)	(222,603)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		-	
Interest and dividend income (expenses)	(814)	1,566	752
Gain (loss) on sale of investments	· ,	(814)	(814)
Total non-operating revenues	(814)	752	(62)
Net income (loss)	(1,136)	(221,529)	(222,665)
Net assets - beginning of year	18,737	68,855	87,592
Net assets - end of year	\$ 17,601	\$ (152,674)	\$ (135,073)

# CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Central Garage	Medical Insurance Fund	Totals
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Cash paid to suppliers	\$ (652,588)	\$ -	\$ (652,588)
Cash paid to employees	(75,598)	Ψ - -	(75,598)
Cash received for premiums	(· -,,	1,701,485	1,701,485
Cash paid for claims	•	(1,948,896)	(1,948,896)
Cash received from interfund services provided	739,274	-	739,274
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	11,088	(247,411)	(236,323)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related   Financing Activities			
Purchases of capital assets  Net cash (used) by capital and	(9,527)		(9,527)
Related financing activities	(9,527)		(9,527)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Interest and dividends	-	1,56 <b>6</b>	1,566
Purchases of investments	₩	~ (205,500)	(205,500)
Proceeds from sale or maturities of investments	·	152,365	152,365
Net cash (used) by investing activities	_	(51,569)	(51,569)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,561	(298,980)	(297,419)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	(69,141)	320,211	<b>251,07</b> 0
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ (67,580)	\$ 21,231	\$ (46,349)
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Operating income (loss)	(322)	(222,281)	(222,603)
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net	` ,	( <i>,,</i>	(,000)
cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	7,795	<u>-</u> ·	7,795
(Increase) Decrease in certain assets:			
Accounts receivable	1,489	-	1,489
Due from other funds	3,253	-	3, <b>253</b>
Materials and supplies	5,043	-	5,043
Increase (Decrease) in certain liabilities: Accounts payable	/A . A A A	,==	
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	(9,132)	(25,130)	(34,262)
Due to other funds	<b>2</b> ,962	-	2,962
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	¢ 44.000	0 (047.444)	
Hot Cash (Osed) by Operating Activities	<u>\$ 11,088</u>	\$ (247,411)	\$ (236,323)

# **INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE SECTION**



Certified Public Accountants

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor Bill Wells and Members of the City Council Murray, Kentucky

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Murray, Kentucky as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City of Murray, Kentucky's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 5, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Murray, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Murray, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion of the effectiveness of the City of Murray, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

# Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Murray, Kentucky's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, and others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Alexander Thompson Arnold PLLC

Murray, Kentucky

November 5, 2012

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# CITY OF MURRAY, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

June 30, 2012

# **SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued:	<u>unqualified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>x</u> no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes _x_none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements	
noted	yes <u>x</u> no